

Algorithm MAKEMONOTONE(\mathcal{P})

Input. A simple polygon \mathcal{P} stored in a doubly-connected edge list \mathcal{D} .

Output. A partitioning of \mathcal{P} into monotone subpolygons, stored in \mathcal{D} .

1. Construct a priority queue \mathcal{Q} on the vertices of \mathcal{P} , using their y -coordinates as priority. If two points have the same y -coordinate, the one with smaller x -coordinate has higher priority.
2. Initialize an empty binary search tree \mathcal{T} .
3. **while** \mathcal{Q} is not empty
4. **do** Remove the vertex v_i with the highest priority from \mathcal{Q} .
5. Call the appropriate procedure to handle the vertex, depending on its type.